

Idle-Free Facts

Average Canadian Statistics¹

By reducing their idling by five minutes a day the average Canadian has a:

- Annual Fuel Savings: 41.98 L/yr
- Annual GHG Emission Reduction: 0.10 tonnes/yr (or 100 kg/yr)
- Annual Reduction in Fuel Cost²: \$34.14 per year

This is equal to not driving their vehicle for over 11 days.

Canada-wide Statistics

On an *annual* basis if every Canadian reduced their idling by five minutes a day it would have a:

- Annual Fuel Savings: over 680 million litres per year³
- Annual GHG Emission Reduction: over 1.6 Mt/yr (or 1.6 million tonnes/yr)⁴
- Annual Reduction in Fuel Costs: over \$550 million dollars per year⁵

This is equal to taking over 490,000 cars off the road.⁶

On a *daily* basis if every Canadian reduced their idling by five minutes a day it would have a:

- Daily Fuel Savings: 1.8 million L/day
- Daily GHG Emission Reduction: 4,492 tonnes/day
- Daily Reduction in Fuel Costs: \$1.5 million per day

¹ This is based on the average daily idle time for Canadians (5 minutes/day).

² This is based on the average fuel price from MJ Erving in 2004 (\$0.81/L).

³ Actual fuel savings estimated to be 683,200,150 L/yr.

⁴ Actual GHG emission reduction estimated to be 1,639,680 tonnes/yr.

⁵ Actual fuel cost savings estimated to be \$555,555,589 per year.

⁶ Actual cars off the road are 494,573.

Provincial Statistics

On a provincial or regional basis the reduction of 5 minutes of idling by residents would have a:

Province/Region	Annual Reduction in ⁷			
	Fuel Use (L/yr)	GHG Emission (tonnes/yr)	Fuel Costs (\$/yr)	Vehicles off Road
Atlantic	53,819,749	\$43,764,426	129,167	38,960
Quebec	170,863,009	\$138,940,104	410,071	123,689
Ontario	254,825,176	\$207,215,339	611,580	184,470
Manitoba	25,398,555	\$20,653,259	60,957	18,386
Saskatchewan	25,734,404	\$20,926,360	61,763	18,629
Alberta	69,646,617	\$56,634,308	167,152	50,418
BC and Territories	82,912,640	\$67,421,795	198,990	60,021

Idle-Free Calculations

The following calculations were used to estimate all information on the impact of reducing idling by 5 minutes:

Per Person (Vehicle) Calculation:⁸

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Idle Fuel Consumption Rate} &= 0.350 \times (\text{engine size}) + 0.330 \\ &= 0.350 \times (3\text{L}^9) + 0.330 \\ &= 1.380 \text{ L/hr}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Fuel Loss from Idling} &= (\text{Idle Fuel Consumption Rate}) \times (\text{Idling Hours per Day}) \times (\text{Days per Year}) \\ &= (1.380 \text{ L/hr}) \times (0.083 \text{ hr/day}^{10}) \times (365 \text{ days/yr}) \\ &= 41.98 \text{ L/yr}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{CO}_2 \text{ Emission from Idling} &= (\text{Fuel Loss from Idling}) \times (\text{CO}_2 \text{ Emission Factor}) \\ &= (41.98 \text{ L/yr}) \times (2.4 \text{ kg/yr CO}_2\text{E}) \\ &= 100.75 \text{ kg/yr} \\ &= 0.10 \text{ tonnes/yr}^{11}\end{aligned}$$

⁷ Source of information is number and usage of vehicles by vehicle type for LDV published by DPAD for 2003.

⁸ These calculations are for light-duty gasoline vehicles. Less than 5% of the LDV market is diesel.

⁹ This is the average engine size of LDVs in Canada based on registration and purchasing data.

¹⁰ The average idle time for Canadians is 5 minutes/day based on national surveys.

¹¹ 1 tonne = 1,000 kg

Community/Provincial/National Level Calculations:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total CO}_2 \text{ Emission from Idling} &= (\text{CO}_2 \text{ Emission per Vehicle}) \times (\text{Number of Vehicles in Community}) \\ &= (100.75 \text{ kg/yr}) \times (16.2 \text{ million LDV in Canada}) \\ &= 1,639,680,000 \text{ kg/yr} \\ &= 1,639,680 \text{ tonnes/yr}^{12} \end{aligned}$$

To conduct your own estimates of idling impacts please see Appendix A (associated excel spreadsheet).

¹²1 tonne = 1,000 kg